

HYDRAULIC TURBOMACHINES

Exercises 5

Cavitation

Setting level of a Francis turbine

In Figure 1, the installation of the turbine and setting level are shown.

Consider the following input data:

$$C_I = 0.86 \text{ m} \cdot \text{s}^{-1}$$

$$Z_B = 175.6 \text{ m}$$

$$p_{atm} = 1.0 \text{ bar}$$

$$p_v = 2343 \text{ Pa}$$

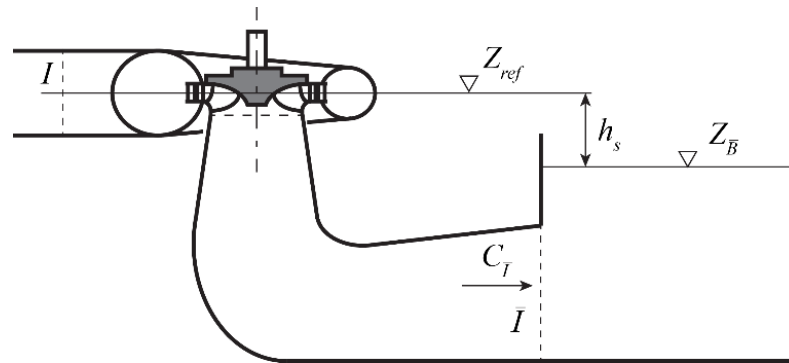


Figure 1. Machine setting level

- 1) Express the Net Positive Suction Specific Energy (NPSE) by gH_I , Z_{ref} , and a saturated pressure p_v .

$$NPSE = gH_I - \frac{p_v}{\rho} - gZ_{ref}$$

- 2) Express Thoma number σ defined by $\frac{NPSE}{E}$, using the setting level $h_s = Z_{ref} - Z_B$, the flow velocity C_I , the saturated pressure p_v and the atmosphere pressure p_a . Assume that the draft tube outlet is considered as a water outflow ($K_v = 1$).

$$\sigma = \frac{NPSE}{E} = \frac{\frac{p_{atm}}{\rho} + gZ_B + \frac{C_I^2}{2} - \frac{p_v}{\rho} - gZ_{ref}}{E} = \frac{\frac{p_{atm} - p_v}{\rho} - gh_s + \frac{C_I^2}{2}}{E}$$

- 3) Compute Z_{ref} the setting elevation of the turbine units, to achieve a net positive suction head (NPSH) of 13.4 m.

The following condition needs to be verified:

$$NPSH = H_{\bar{I}} - \frac{p_v}{g\rho} - Z_{ref} = 13.4\text{m}$$

The specific energy at outlet section of the machine is:

$$gH_{\bar{I}} = gZ_{\bar{I}} + \frac{p_{\bar{I}}}{\rho} + \frac{C_{\bar{I}}^2}{2} = gZ_{\bar{B}} + \frac{p_{atm}}{\rho} + \frac{C_{\bar{I}}^2}{2}$$

$$\text{with } \frac{p_{\bar{I}}}{g\rho} = \frac{p_{atm}}{g\rho} + Z_{\bar{B}} - Z_{\bar{I}} \text{ (column of water in } \bar{I})$$

Note that the kinetic energy corresponds to the specific energy losses due to the water outflow ($K_v = 1$) at the draft tube outlet.

$$Z_{ref} = Z_{\bar{B}} + \frac{p_{atm} - p_v}{g\rho} + \frac{C_{\bar{I}}^2}{2g} - NPSH = 172.2$$